

INDIRA UNIVERSITY, PUNE

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS - BCOM

Term End Examination (2025 Pattern) April- May – 2026- Semester – II

**Course Name: Constitutional Values, Fundamental
Duties and Political System in India**
Course Code: 25COM214T

Max. Marks: 25

Time: 1:30 Hr.

Q1.	Attempt Any 5 Out of 7.	(5 Marks)	CO 1
	The term “Socialist” was added to the Preamble by which amendment? A. 24th Amendment B. 42nd Amendment C. 44th Amendment D. 86th Amendment Fundamental Duties are incorporated in which part of the Constitution? A. Part II B. Part III C. Part IV D. Part IVA Fundamental Duties in India are: A. Fully enforceable by courts B. Non-justiciable in nature C. Equal to Fundamental Rights D. Enforceable only during emergency The Parliament of India consists of: A. Lok Sabha only B. Rajya Sabha only C. President, Lok Sabha, and Rajya Sabha D. Prime Minister and Council of Ministers Which court is the final interpreter of the Constitution? A. High Court B. District Court C. Supreme Court D. Lok Adalat Which part of the Indian Constitution guarantees fundamental rights to citizens? A. Part II B. Part III C. Part IV D. Part V		

	7. Which feature allows courts to declare laws unconstitutional? A. Rule of Law B. Judicial Review C. Parliamentary Sovereignty D. Separation of Powers	
Q2.	Attempt any 2 out of 4. (10 Marks) 1. Explain any five Fundamental Duties mentioned in the Constitution of India. 2. Classify the salient features of the Constitution and explain each briefly. 3. Interpret the significance of Fundamental Duties considering ancient Indian ethical principles and express their relevance today. 4. Explain the powers and functions of the President of India and outline his constitutional position.	CO 4
Q.3	Attempt any 2 out of 4. (10 Marks) 1. Choose any two constitutional values and explain their relevance in contemporary Indian society 2. Assess the legal status of Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution. 3. Justify the position of the Prime Minister as the head of the Council of Ministers. 4. Explain the structure of the Indian Judiciary and its hierarchy.	CO 5
